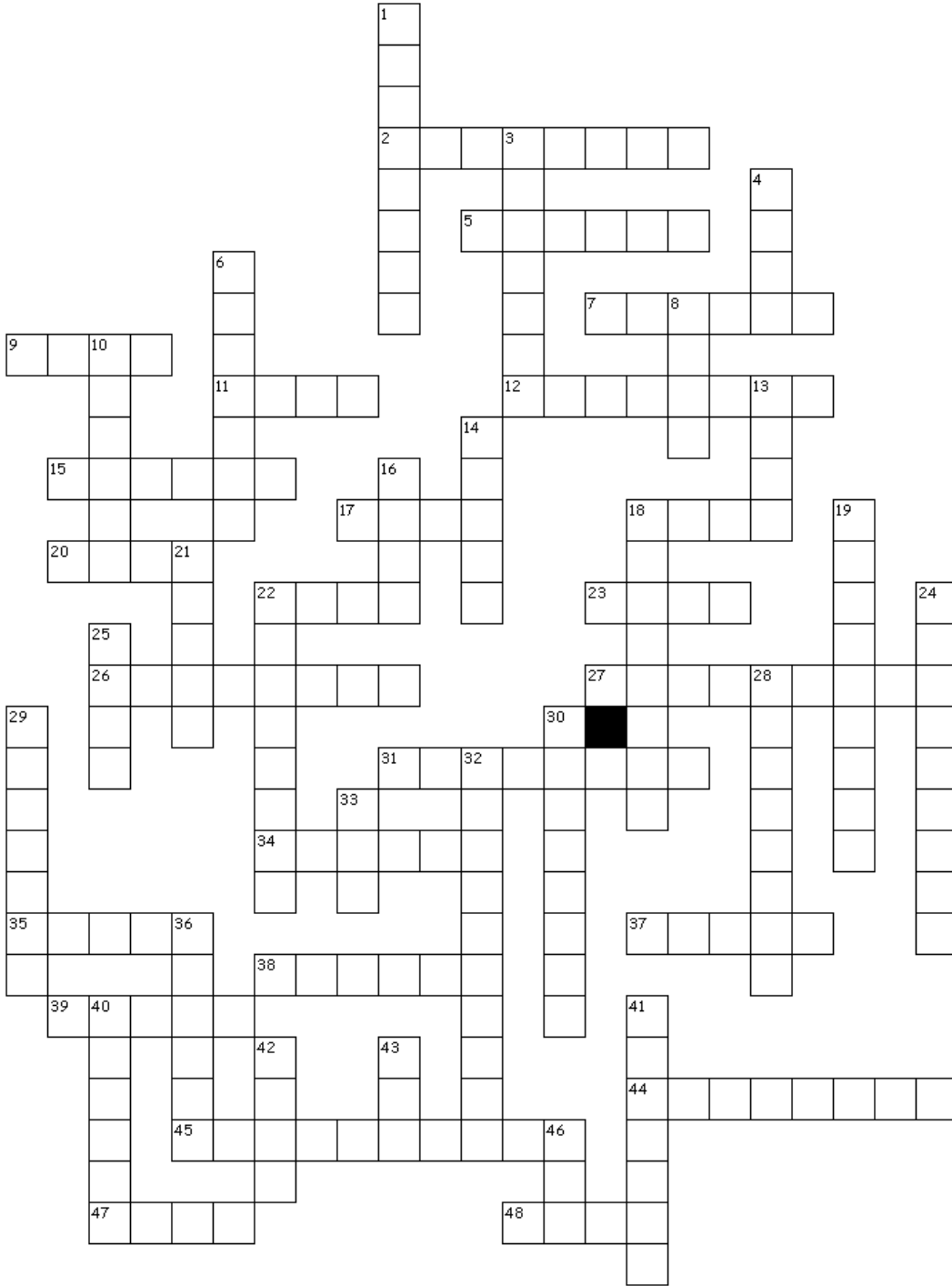


Woods 1 Extra Credit

Safety Puzzle



Across

2. A cut across the grain.
5. Widest in inches that can be crosscut on the sliding compound mitersaw.
7. Never stand directly _____ a rip cut.
9. The sliding compound mitersaw cuts on the _____ stroke.
11. Gently _____ the start/stop paddle to start the tablesaw.
12. The jointer will not make edges _____.
15. Groove on the end of a board.
17. Groove through the middle of a board.
18. Number of stacked dado blade pieces needed to make a 5/8 inch rabbet.
20. Cut in a board left by the blade.
22. You can only use the miter gauge and rip fence together if they are on the _____ side of the blade.
23. Set the tablesaw up to cut the piece you want to _____.
26. The mitersaw is best used for safe and _____ crosscuts.
27. The first step in using the planer is to measure the _____ of your stock.
31. This type of mitersaw can cut two angle planes.
34. The first two settings to check on the tablesaw are blade angle and _____.
35. Widest board in inches you can crosscut on the compound mitersaw.
37. The wood material you are machining.
38. Do this before changing paper on the palm sander.
39. Keep this part of the stock up when using the planer.
44. When making a dado, you must keep _____ against the fence.
45. Most important thing to do if an air nailer jams.
47. The planer is designed to surface _____ grain.
48. Never get closer than _____ inches to any moving blade, bit, or cutterhead.

Down

1. Raising the feed rollers on the planer increases this.
3. Name brand of tablesaws at FGHS.
4. The disc sander should be used on the _____ rotation only.
6. Inner piece of a stacked dado blade set-up.
8. A dado or rabbet should be limited to _____ the thickness of the stock.
10. The jointer can make an edge _____ to the face.
13. The jointer should only be used for _____ grain.
14. Set the tablesaw blade 1/4" _____ the stock for most cuts.
16. Material to be cut on the mitersaw should be laid flat on the _____.
18. Never attempt this type of cut on the tablesaw.
19. The most that should be removed on any pass through the planer.
21. Used for rip cuts on the tablesaw.
22. The jointer can make an edge _____.
24. Needed when making any cut that would bring your fingers closer than 4 inches to any blade, bit, or cutterhead.
25. The dado blade pushes the stock up and _____.
28. When the tablesaw throws a board back at you.
29. Router bit that cuts a 45 degree angled edge.
30. Feed stock on the router against the _____.
32. Used for crosscuts on tablesaw.
33. A cut with the grain.
36. Teeth on the tablesaw point _____ you.
40. Make a series of these cuts when cutting tight turns on the bandsaw.
41. The job of the "tail-off" person is to _____ the board.
42. Choose this edge for the first pass through the jointer.
43. The shortest length in inches that may be planed, jointed, or ripped.
46. Suggested number of passes you should make on a dado or rabbet cut.

